Benefits for local and regional development:

The need for a Digital Local Agenda (DLA)
planning process and
an integrated
eService delivery

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What is the Digital Local Agenda (DLA)

A strategic elnclusion instrument to support eGov planning by local governments in regional areas

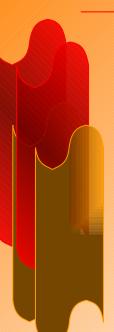
- an Agenda 21-like tool
- thought in the context of the Lisbon strategy and i2010
- essential for eGov and IS take-up by small administrations
- seeking increased cooperation between government and the national, regional and local public administration
- promoting feasible and sustainable modernisation planning_ based on intensive use of ICT
- for improved public services supported by strong back offices, innovative digital networks and digital literacy

Background

- Originally launched in EISCO 2005 (Declaration of Cracow) and adopted as a key instrument to fight the digital divide by the II World Summit on the Information Society of Cities and Local governments (Bilbao, 2005)
- Discussed in Hämeenlinna, Finland at EISCO 2007 by 350 participants, 6 European local and regional networks (ELANET, CEMR, eris@, EUROCITIES, IT4ALL, eGOV Society network, e-FORUM) and 2 thematic networks (IANIS+ and DEMO-net)
- A Manifesto on Digital Local Agenda i2010 was approved in Finland containing 5 action lines (priorities) and 28 goals recommended to be implemented by 2010

www.eisco2007.org

Main Thematic Areas



eGovernment

- modernisation own organisation and virtual back office
- web front office 7/24
- cooperation with other stakeholders on IS territorial planning and digital local networks development

eDemocracy

- new forms of communication and dialogue with citizens
- citizen's participation in local decision-making supported by ICT

elnclusion

- empowerment of local public administrations and civil servants to
- buy, develop, manage and exploit the new technologies
- incorporation of social sectors in danger of digital exclusion through actions taken by local and regional administrations

A Practical Example

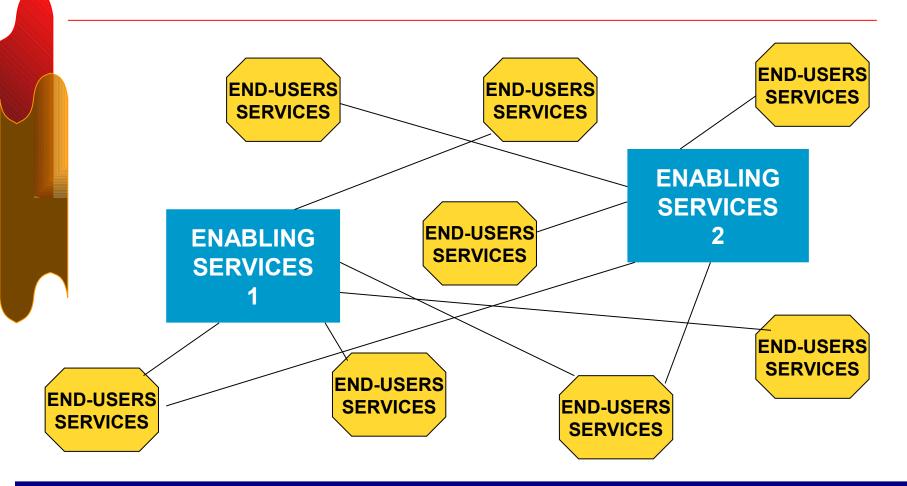
TECHNOLOGY NEEDS IN REGIONAL/LOCAL AREAS

APPLICATIONS

ENABLING SYSTEMS

BASIC INFRASTRUCTURE

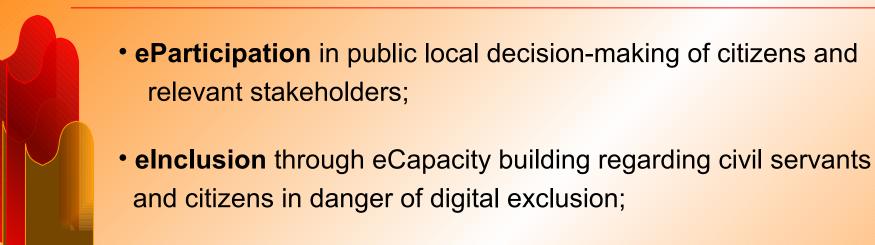
LOCAL NETWORKS



MULTI-ACCESS INFRASTRUCTURAL SERVICES



Five priorities and 28 goals



- access to communication networks and broadband by everyone in Europe;
- development of digital local networks among administrations and private sector for eGovernment and local development, ensuring secure transactions, inter- operability between systems and circulation of data, standardised services and support to SMEs;
- Advanced municipal services in a multi-channel environment

DLA Methodology

- open a <u>mainstream decision- making process</u> on a three-years plan for eGovernment inclusion with annual updating;
- establish common targets with other administrations (from local to regional level) and stakeholders, on:
 - communication and broadband infra-structure
 - enabling basic services for eServices delivery
 - sharing content, databases and applications in a creative and learning environment
- organise a forum in the local community to identify citizens' priorities, and establish consulting mechanisms with citizens and stakeholders on DLA inclusion goals



SETTING THE SCENE

DLA Pre-analysis

				ADL PRIORITIES				
				(eGov. – eParticipation – eInclusion)				
EL	LOW	EL	LOW	 Electronic protocol Architecture Information system study Data base standardisation eCapacity Building (Procurement, Networking) Web site with info services Measures for greater transparency and content sharing 				
				Organisation of an IT department Contacts with other administrations for eGov				
TECHNOLOGY LEV	MEDIUM	OPERATION LE	LOW	 Contacts with other administrations for eGov. Intranet on place System interoperability to share data Administrative procedures work-flow eCapacity Building (Inter-active services, Local Digital Networking) Back-office automation study Development of interactive services on the web Consultation process in city's decisions to citizen and stakeholders 				
TE	HIGH	00	MEDIUM	 Networking system with other administrations and stakeholders Study of transactional services and infrastructure demands Local Portal (access to services supported by authentication payment, network security, call centres) eParticipation engaging citizen and stakeholders in decision-making 				

DLA Planning

The **plan** should gradually allow administrations to implement three main actions:

- the internal DLA planning;
- the DLA local network and the Information Society Pact;
- the DLA forum for citizens and stakeholders

As in any plan, the DLA should be based on feasible but ambitious objectives, good methodologies and roadmaps, financial resources internally allocated or retrieved through projects co-financing and other financial means, as credit.

Planning form

ITALIAN MUNICIPALITY DLA

FRONT OFFICE

BACK-OFFICE

ACTIONS	CIVIL REGIST- RIES	LOCAL TAXES	PUBLIC WORKS	LICENSES	SOCIAL SERVICES	SPECIAL PROJECT
MACRO-ACTIVITY LIST						
ADL MEASURES BY ACTIVITY						
EXPECTED OUTCOMES BY ACTIVITY						
ORGANISATIONAL CHANGE REQUIRED BY ACTIVITY						
RESOURCES						

Local Information Society Pact

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

WORKING CHALLENGES

PRIVATE OPERATORS

REGIONS

PROVINCES

STATE AGENCY

CITIES

MUNICIPALITIES

OTHERS

ATTRACTIVE SERVICES
PACKAGES

SINGLE ACCESS
SOLUTION

ENABLING SERVICES
24/7

BROADBAND

SUSTAINABLE STRATEGY

DIGITAL DEMAND INVIGORNMENT

IT INDUSTRY

HI-TECH SMEs

CONTENT PROVIDER

CONSULTING

OTHERS

Added-value of the DLA approach

- decisions are taken in a more structured process (differentiating immediate tasks - what is possible - with programmatic objectives
 - what is desirable);
- allows to distinguish issues and problems that a single administration can solve from those requiring synergies;
- needs are addressed in the plan by establishing priorities with citizens and stakeholders involvement;
- monitoring and bench-marking are foreseen as part of the common effort;
- a step by step sustainable process drawing on own and external resources can be better organised.

Thank You